

Дата: 26.09.2020

Группа: 402Фк

Специальность: Лечебное дело

Тема: Pneumonia.

Цель: развитие навыков поискового чтения, расширение словарного запаса, тематического словаря.

Задание лекции:

- 1) Ознакомиться с новой лексикой
- 2) Прочитать текст (перевод не обязателен)
- 3) Ответить на вопросы (письменно)

Домашнее задание – составить мини-брошюру «Как защитить себя от пневмонии».

Всё проверим после выхода на очную форму.

Новая лексика:

acute- острый, сильный

inflammation – воспаление

to confirm - подтверждать

malnourished - плохо питающийся

cure - лечить

nourishing diet - полноценное питание

Текст для чтения:

### Pneumonia

Pneumonia is an acute inflammation of the lung. It may be caused by bacteria or viruses. It may follow a cold and bronchitis, or may come on suddenly. It may also be a complication of measles or whooping cough. The child looks ill, has fever, cough, and very rapid breathing. He may also complain of pain in the chest. A doctor should be consulted, and, depending on the severity the child may be treated at home or admitted to a hospital. If his breathing is very rapid, he may need oxygen. Most pneumonias can be treated with antibiotics. Pneumonia can be dangerous in a malnourished child, or in very young children, especially if it is due to, an organism called staphylococcus. Viral pneumonia cures gradually. The child should be kept in bed, given plenty of water and a highly nourishing diet.

Вопросы:

Is pneumonia an acute inflammation of the lungs?

What it may be caused by?

What it may follow after?

What are the symptoms of pneumonia?

May the child be treated at home or at hospital?

In which case the child may need oxygen?

Can most pneumonias be treated with antibiotics?

